

## Chart: North and South

The Industrial North	Southern Cotton Kingdom
<b>Urban</b>	<b>Rural</b>
Economy based on <b>manufacturing/industry</b>	Economy based on <b>farming/agriculture</b>
<b>Industrial Revolution:</b> Factories key to northern economy	<b>Cotton Kingdom:</b> Cotton most profitable cash crop
Trade: <b>Railroads</b> within U.S. and <b>Clipper ships</b> outside U.S.	Dependent on <b>North</b> and <b>Europe</b> for manufactured goods
<b>Factory system</b> (Slater/1793) increased production of goods	<b>Cotton gin</b> (Whitney/1793) increased profits & slavery
Skilled workers formed <b>trade unions</b> to improve working conditions	Limited industry as money invested in <b>cotton</b> and <b>slaves</b>
Wave of <b>European immigrants</b> supplied factory labor	<b>Slave codes</b> place restrictions on African Americans
Slavery <b>outlawed</b> , but African Americans faced discrimination	About 94% of region's African Americans <b>enslaved</b>